

Networks Research at IAT

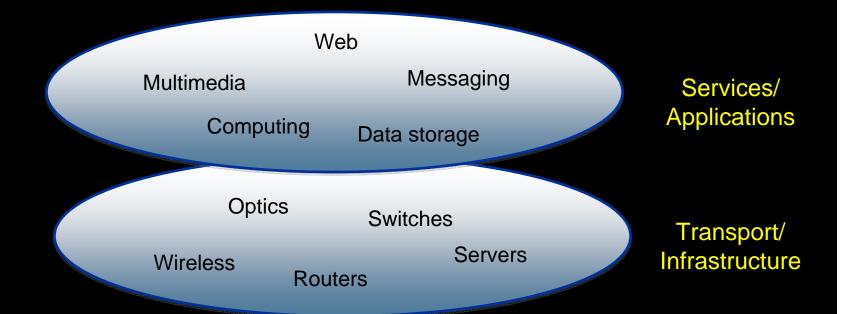
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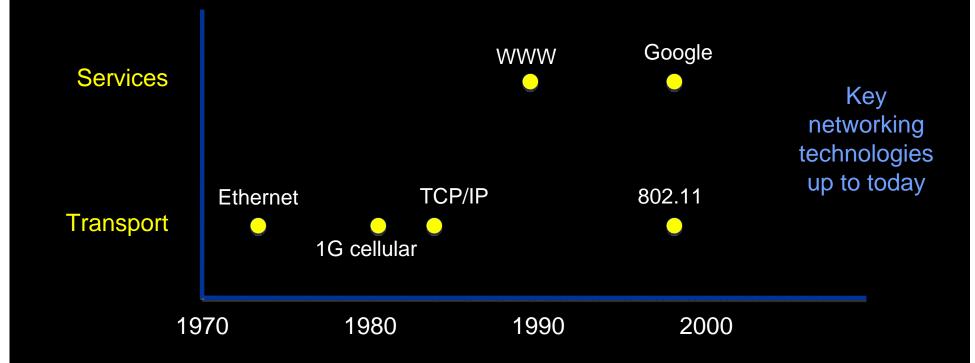


A View of Networks





A View Backward





Future Transport

- Ubiquitous broadband
 - What's needed:
 - High broadband penetration to homes (cable, fiber)
 - Broadband wireless access (WiMax, 3G)
 - Broadband networks extended to vehicles, airplanes, trains





Future Transport (cont)

- Internet (designed for stationary PCs) will be accessed by predominantly mobile devices
 - 2 billion cell phones vs. 1 billion PCs
 - Most cell phones will become data-centric smartphones, e.g., Apple's iPhone
 - Need broadband wireless (3G, WiMax)





Swansea University Prifysgol Abertawe Future Transport (cont)

- IP (Internet protocol) everywhere Internet extends to cell phones, TVs, cameras, home appliances,...
 - What's needed:
 - IP-addressed "smart" consumer devices
 - More home networks
 - IMS (IP to mobile devices)





Future Services

- Data storage shift from PCs to the cloud
 - User's data (documents, mail, photos, video,...) will reside mostly online and distributed among different servers vs. centrally stored in PCs
 - Current trend, e.g., Google docs, webmail





Future Services (cont)

- Computing shift from desktop applications to the cloud
 - Applications for collaborative content creation,
 e.g., Web 2.0 applications
 - "Smart" cloud services, e.g., Google
 Translate, Apple's MobileMe
 - Need web services and applications offering desktop-like experiences





Future Services (cont)

- Web browser disappears -- web and desktop merge
 - Web applications run directly on operating systems
 - Operating systems understand web technologies (HTML, XML, Javascript, Flash), e.g., Windows Vista Sidebar and Gadgets
 - Web extends to "smart" consumer devices and appliances





Networks Research Group Activities

Privacy

Security

Services/ Applications

Network Evolution

Network Performance

Traffic Control

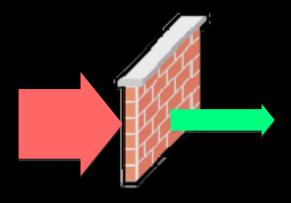
Wireless Networks

Transport/
Infrastructure





- Network security and privacy
 - Malicious software filtering (viruses, spyware)
 - Malicious web site detection (drive-by downloads)
 - Identity theft (phishing)
 - Online behavior tracking
 - Network intrusion detection





- Network evolution
 - Migration to all-optical networks
 - Migration to wireless broadband (mesh networks, WiMax)
 - Wireless networking for fast moving users (trains)



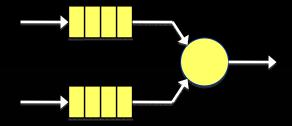


- Network performance
 - Modeling of 3G/4G networks
 - Modeling of WiMax
 - Modeling and analysis of large-scale distributed systems





- Traffic control
 - Traffic classification by deep packet inspection
 - Scheduling algorithms for optical networks and WiMax networks





- Wireless networks
 - New routing protocols for wireless mesh networks and wireless sensor networks
 - Dynamic spectrum access for cognitive radio
 - Medium access control protocols
 - Resource management for WiMax and wireless mesh networks

